total expenditures for 2007, 2008 or 2009 to determine the year with the lowest per patient utilization.

- (2) Update of per treatment base rate to 2011. CMS updates the per-treatment base rate under the ESRD prospective payment system in order to reflect estimated per treatment costs in 2011.
- (3) Standardization. CMS applies a reduction factor to the per treatment base rate to reflect estimated increases resulting from the facility-level and patient-level adjustments applicable to the case as described in §413.231 through §413.235 of this part.
- (4) Outlier percentage. CMS reduces the per treatment base rate by 1 percent to account for the proportion of the estimated total payments under the ESRD prospective payment system that are outlier payments as described in §413.237 of this part.
- (5) Budget neutrality. CMS adjusts the per treatment base rate so that the aggregate payments in 2011 are estimated to be 98 percent of the amount that would have been made under title XVIII of the Social Security Act if the ESRD prospective payment system described in section 1881(b)(14) of the Act were not implemented.
- (6) First 4 Years of the ESRD prospective payment system. During the first 4 years of ESRD prospective payment system (January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2013), CMS adjusts the per-treatment base rate in accordance with §413.239(d).

[75 FR 49200, Aug. 12, 2010]

§413.230 Determining the per treatment payment amount.

The per-treatment payment amount is the sum of:

- (a) The per treatment base rate established in §413.220, adjusted for wages as described in §413.231, and adjusted for facility-level and patient-level characteristics described in §413.232 and §413.235 of this part;
- (b) Any outlier payment under §413.237; and
- (c) Any training adjustment add-on under $\S414.335(b)$.

[75 FR 49200, Aug. 12, 2010]

§413.231 Adjustment for wages.

- (a) CMS adjusts the labor-related portion of the base rate to account for geographic differences in the area wage levels using an appropriate wage index (established by CMS) which reflects the relative level of hospital wages and wage-related costs in the geographic area in which the ESRD facility is located.
- (b) The application of the wage index is made on the basis of the location of the ESRD facility in an urban or rural area as defined in this paragraph (b).
- (1) Urban area means a Metropolitan Statistical Area or a Metropolitan division (in the case where a Metropolitan Statistical Area is divided into Metropolitan Divisions), as defined by OMB.
- (2) Rural area means any area outside an urban area.

[75 FR 49200, Aug. 12, 2010]

$\S413.232$ Low-volume adjustment.

- (a) CMS adjusts the base rate for low-volume ESRD facilities, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Definition of low-volume facility. A low-volume facility is an ESRD facility that:
- (1) Furnished less than 4,000 treatments in each of the 3 years preceding the payment year; and
- (2) Has not opened, closed, or had a change in ownership in the 3 years preceding the payment year.
- (c) For the purpose of determining the number of treatments under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the number of treatments considered furnished by the ESRD facility shall equal the aggregate number of treatments furnished by the ESRD facility and the number of treatments furnished by other ESRD facilities that are both:
- (1) Under common ownership with, and
- (2) 25 miles or less from the ESRD facility in question.
- (d) The determination under paragraph (c) of this section does not apply to an ESRD facility that was in existence and certified for Medicare participation prior January 1, 2011.
- (e) Common ownership means the same individual, individuals, entity, or